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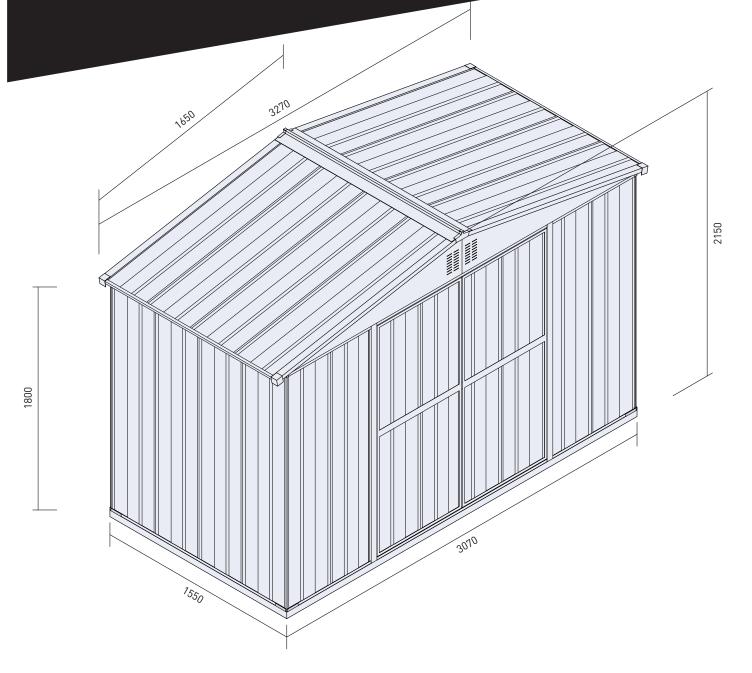
GARDEN SHED MANUAL GS507-V1

Shed Size at Roof: 3270x1550x2150mm

Shed Size at Floor: 3070x1550mm

Door Size: 1480x1750mm

Internal Shed Size at Floor: 3030x1510mm



Before you begin

- Check local building codes regarding shed location and any other local requirements.
- Check the packing list on page 4 to make sure you have all of the necessary parts.
- Separate everything in the cartons by the part number while reviewing the parts list.
- Be sure the day you select to build your shed is dry and calm.
- Whenever possible, two or more people should work together to assemble the shed. We suggest that one person positions parts while the other handles the fasteners and tools.

Selecting & Preparing Your Site

Before assembly, decide on a location for your shed. We recommend a level area with good drainage. Allow enough space around the building so there's plenty of room to screw the panels and move the different parts into position. Remember to leave plenty of room for the door to fully open.

You Will Need...

- An electric drill/driver
- A Phillips screwdriver
- Gardening or work gloves
- Sealant or caulking gum (optional)
- Step ladder
- Tape measure

Safety First

Safety precautions are important to follow throughout the construction of your building.

- Take care when handling the various pieces of your building since some contain sharp edges. Please wear work gloves, eye protection and long sleeves when assembling or performing any maintenance.
- Keep children and pets away from your worksite to avoid distractions and any accidents.
- Never concentrate all your weight on the roof of the structure. When using a step ladder make sure it's fully open and on a level surface.
- To avoid any damage, do not attempt to assemble the building on a windy day. The larger panels can act as sails making construction difficult and unsafe.

Flooring & Foundations

A solid shed starts with a level floor and foundation. This is the single most important factor in making your shed as watertight and stable as possible. It also makes the assembly process as simple as possible. We recommend the following foundation options:

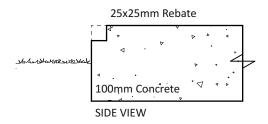
Option 1 - Wooden Floor

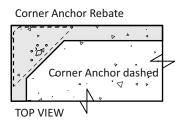
We sell wooden floor kits designed to match your shed. Alternatively you can build your own using H4 treated bearers and timber floorboards.

Option 2 - Concrete Slab

For a more permanent solution, or for large sheds, we recommend a 100mm thick concrete foundation, ideally with a 25mm edge rebate for the walls and the corner anchors.

A rebate is a small step down from the top of the concrete slab that helps to keep water out of the shed.





Regardless of which flooring option you choose:

- Build on a compacted and levelled base layer.
- Plastic sheeting placed under the wood or concrete will prevent moisture wicking through.
- We recommend the foundation (including any rebates) is the same size as the footprint of your shed to prevent water ingress.

Assembly Overview

Step 1: Check all parts against the parts list

Step 2: Assemble the rear wall

Step 3: Assemble the side walls

Step 4: Assemble the front wall

Step 5: Assemble the doors

Step 6: Constructing the walls

Step 7: Installing the bracing

Step 8: Constructing the roof

Step 9: Installing the doors

Step 10: Fixing to the floor

Step 11: Finishing touches

ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

GS507-V1

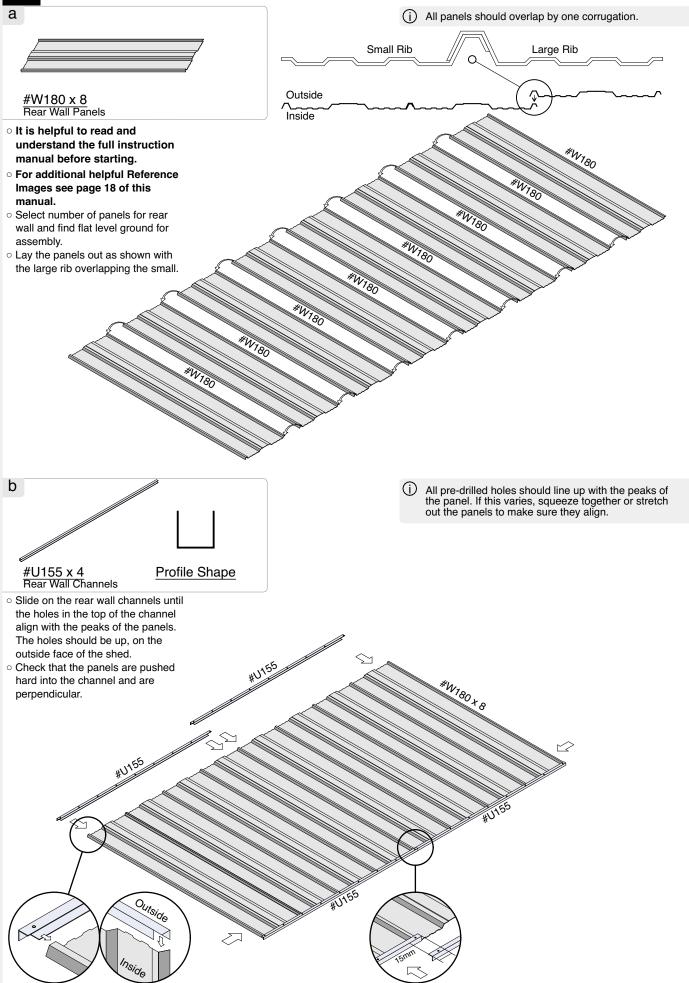
1 Check all parts against the parts list PARTS LIST

Please check your contents prior to starting assembly

	Please check your contents	prior to starting a	ssembly	
ITEM	NAME	SIZE (mm)	QTY	PART #
1	Front Wall	410 x 1800	4	W180
2	Rear Wall	410 x 1800	8	W180
2 3 4 5 6 7	Roof Panel	410 x 1650	8	P165
4	Side Wall	410 x 1800	8	W180
5	Rear Wall Channel	1550	4	U155
ס 7	Side Wall Channel	1550	4 2	U155
/	Roof Channel	1550		U155
8 9	Roof Channel FrontWall Channel	1650 1550	4 4	G165 U155
10	Left Door Frame	1800	1	ML180
	Right Door Frame	1800	1	MR180
11 12	DoorTop Frame	1480	1	Z148
13	Door Bottom Frame	1480		U148
14	Ridge Beam	1530	2	C153
15	Gables	1530	2	F153
16	Gables	1530	2	B153
17	Gables Bracket	420	2	U042
18	Roof Tiles	1550	1	V155
19	L Bracket LEFT	300 x 120	1 2 2 2 2 1 2 2	L030(L)
20	L Bracket RIGHT	300 x 120		L030(R)
21	Wall Bracing	1300	4	Z130
22	Corner Anchor		4	
23	Hook Anchor		8	
24 25	Tek Screws		240	
26	Wood Anchor Screws Rivet		10 120	
27	Corner Cover		4	
28	Spacer		120	
29	Rivet Gun		1	
30	Tek Screwdriver Bit		1	
31	Ø4.0mm Drill Bit		1	
32	Screw Head Sheath		30	
33	Phillips Head Screws		26	
34	Plastic Ridge End Cap		2	
35	Bolt and Nut		10	
36	Door Panel	410 x 1750	2	E175 x 410
37	Door Panel	350 x 1750	2	E175 x 350
38	Door Channel	740	4	U074
39	Door Channel	1750	4	U175
40	Door Square tube	1750	2	D173
41	Door Bar	740	2	H074
42	Door Brace	1110	4	Z111
43	Bolt door outside		1	
44	Bolt door inside		1	
45	Hinge		4 1	
46	Weather Stripping Tap	Weather Stripping Tape (Silver)		
47	Double Sided Waterpr	oof Tape (White)	1	

 $[\]overline{\mathbb{Q}}$ If you're missing anything, just head to www.tradetested.co.nz and get in touch.

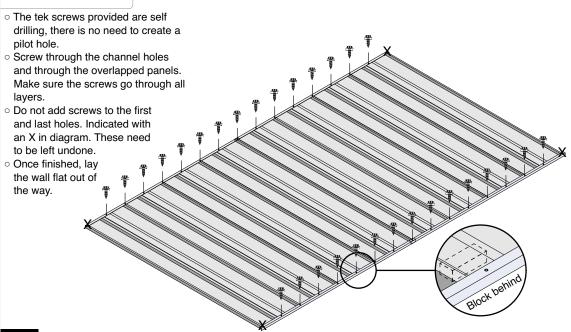
2 Assemble the rear wall



2 Assemble the rear wall

C Tek Screws

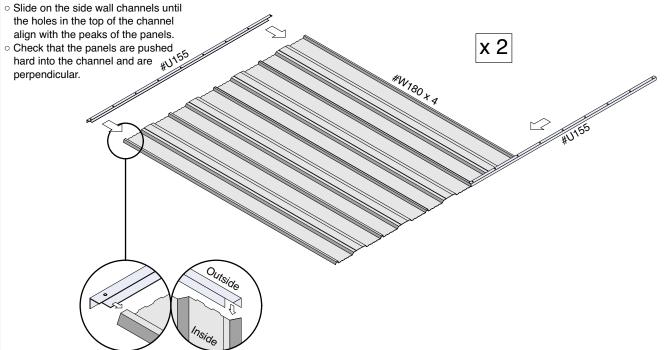
Start with the thin peaks where panel overlaps occur, then move on to the middle of each panel. If needed, use a small wooden block behind the middle of the panel for support while screwing. Make sure the block is not directly underneath the screw.



3 Assemble the side walls



 Lay the side wall panels out as shown with the large rib overlapping the small.



3 Assemble the side walls

b
Tek Screws

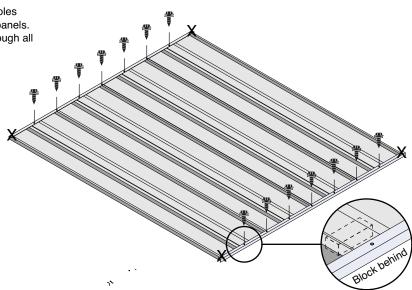
(i) Start with the thin peaks where panel overlaps occur, then move on to the middle of each panel. If needed, use a small wooden block behind the middle of the panel for support while screwing.

 The tek screws provided are self drilling, there is no need to create a pilot hole.

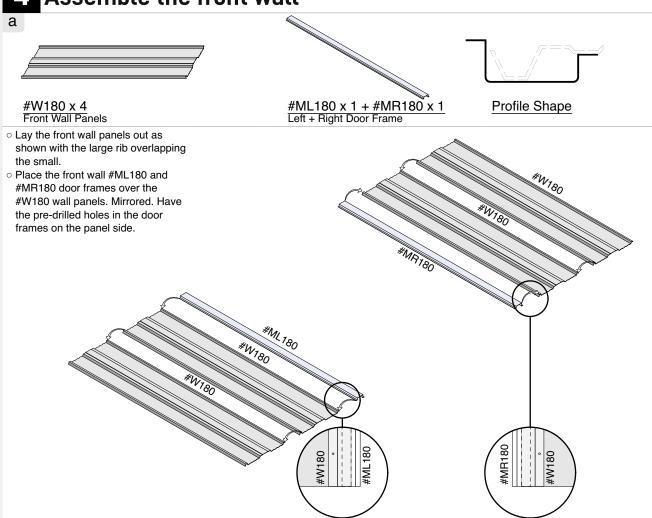
 Screw through the channel holes and through the overlapped panels.
 Make sure the screws go through all layers.

 Do not add screws to the first and last holes. Indicated with an X in diagram. These need to be left undone.

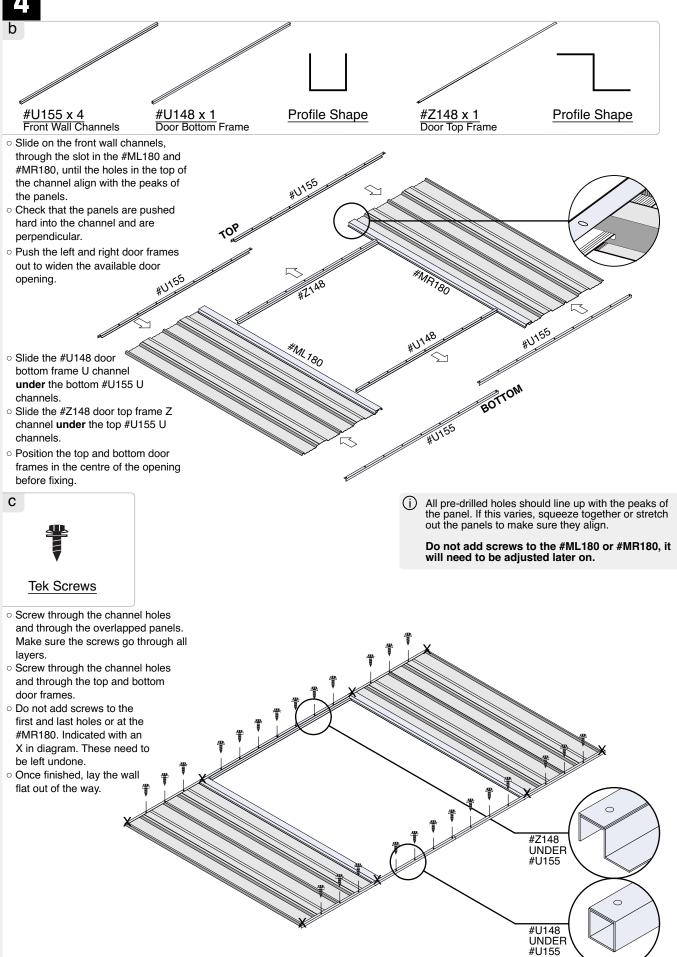
 Once finished, lay the wall flat out of the way.



Assemble the front wall



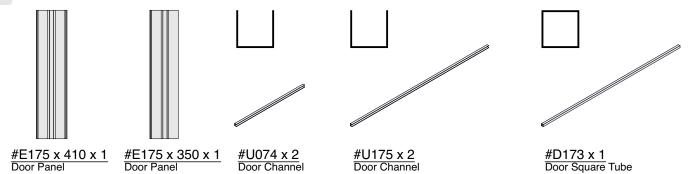




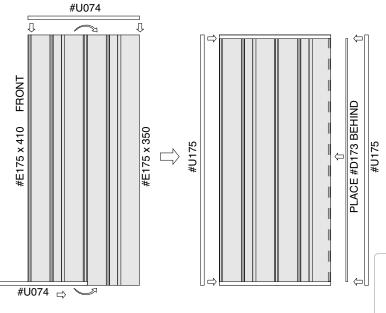
5 Assemble the doors

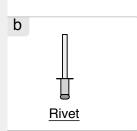
i All panels should overlap by one corrugation.

a



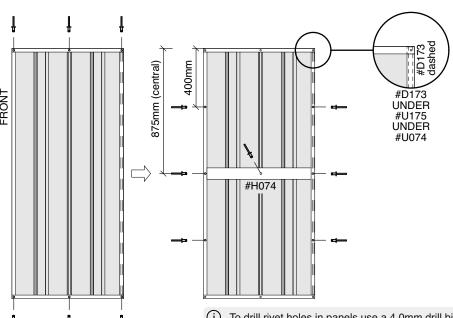
- Lay the panels out as shown with the large rib overlapping the small.
- Slide on the door channels. Place the #D173 in position (dashed) behind the #U175.
- Check that the panels are pushed hard into the channel and are perpendicular.







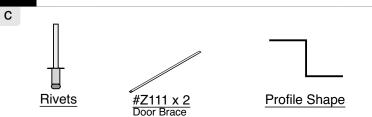
- Drill through the channels and the panels / #D173 below in the positions shown with the Ø4.0mm drill bit.
- Using the rivet gun provided, fix the channels together with the rivets.
 Follow the instructions included on the tool packaging.
- Make sure the rivets go through all layers.
- Ensure the door is square and pieces are pressed firmly together during construction.
- The Door Bar is located in the centre of the door panels. Ensure accurate measuring.





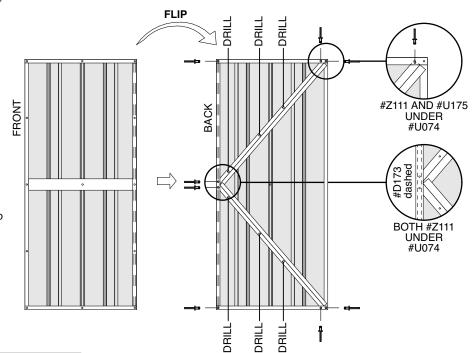
To drill rivet holes in panels use a 4.0mm drill bit and set your drill clutch to the drill bit icon. Make a mark where you want to drill and use this to start the hole. Don't worry if you have placed a rivet incorrectly, they are easy to remove. Just drill directly through the top of the rivet using the same drill bit. This will remove the rivet head, causing the whole rivet to fall out.

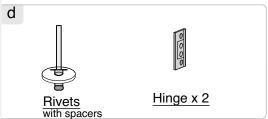
5 Assemble the doors



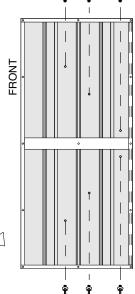
Use the drill bit to drill pilot holes through the door bracing into the panels. After flipping, fix together using the rivets and spacers through the pilot holes.

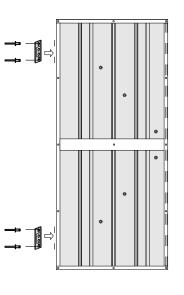
- Flip the partially complete door over so the back side is facing up.
- Using the Ø4.0mm drill bit, drill through the channels and the panels / #D173 below in the corner positions shown.
- Using the rivet gun provided, fix the channels together with the rivets.
- Slide the door braces under the door channels.
- Drill through the channels and the door braces below in the positions shown
- Using the rivet gun provided, fix the channels to the ends of the braces.
- Do not force the braces too hard as this can distort the door. It is okay to fix one brace to another rather than to the channel.
- Drill pilot holes through the braces and the panels below in the positions shown.

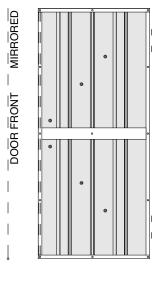




- Flip the partially complete door over so the front side is facing up.
- Ensure the pilot holes drilled before are still aligned. If they are not, drill through again from the front side.
- Prepare 6x rivets with spacers on the wider end.
- Using the rivet gun provided, fix the panels to the bracing with spacer rivets.
- Roll the door onto its side. Drill and rivet the door hinges approx. 1 hinge length from the top and bottom of the door. Use the hinge itself as a guide.
- Attach the smaller side of the hinges to the door channel.











 Repeat steps 5a-d for the second door. This door will be mirrored.
 Use the first door as a reference.
 Make sure the #H074 Door Bars are at the same height and bracing is mirrored.

6 Constructing the walls

а



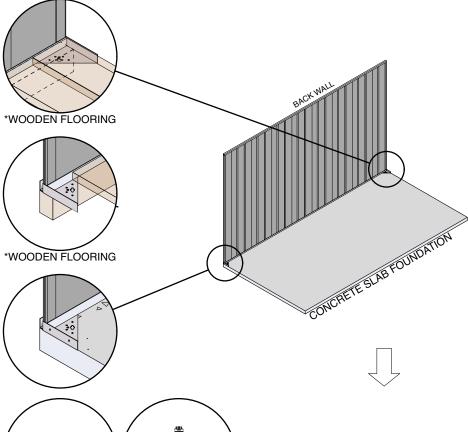
Tek Screws



Corner Anchor x 3

- * If placing on a pre-prepared wooden flooring slide the corner angles onto edge bearers, under the perimeter floor board (this is why a nail was left out in the corner).
- Have a friend hold the back wall in place as shown. If the wall is large, a wheely bin or stepladder are sufficient alternatives.

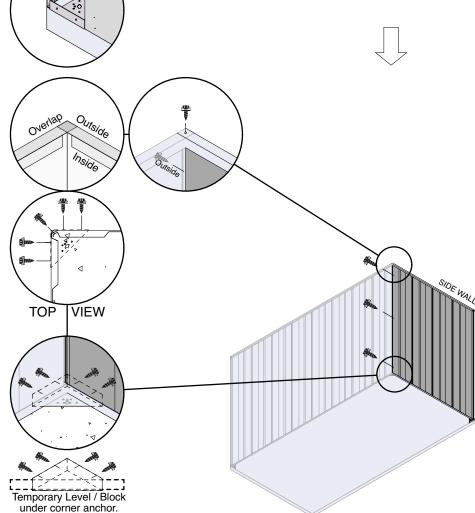
It is very important to have a level foundation prepared to the correct size. A wooden floor, or a concrete slab.



- Have the same friend hold the side wall at the same time, at a right angle to the back wall, over the placed corner anchor below.
- The wall channel flaps should overlap each other in the corner and just touch at right angles as seen from the outside.
- Fix through the overlapped top wall channels from above. It is easier to start with the top to relieve your friend from holding duties early.
- Fix through the corner anchor to the wall channel bottom.
- When on flat flooring, place a spirit level or timber block under the shed corner. This will ensure the walls stay at the same height as you drill screws into corner anchor.
- After the top and bottom is fixed, screw through the overlapping panels from the outside to make the shed weathertight.

Optional:

 Once the walls are up and the edges of the panels overlap, we suggest running sealant up the full height between the corner overlap before fixing. This will protect the shed more from heavy weather.



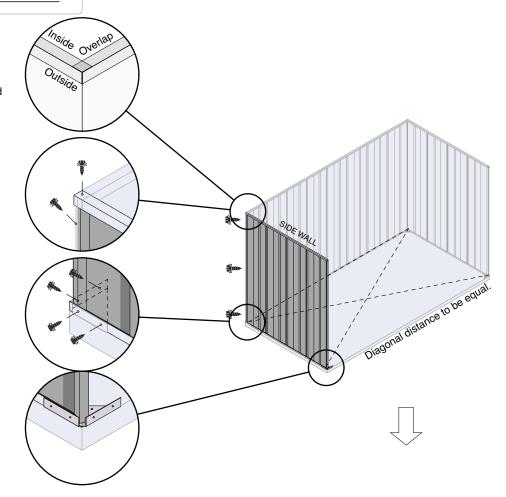




Tek Screws

Corner Anchor x 1

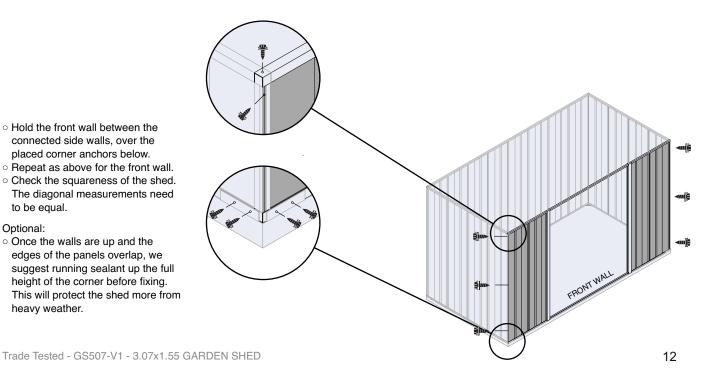
- o Hold the side wall at a right angle to the connected back and side walls, over the placed corner anchor below.
- o The wall channel flaps should overlap each other in the corner and just touch at right angles as seen from the outside.
- o Fix through the overlapped top wall channels from above. It is easier to start with the top to relieve your friend from holding duties early.
- o Fix through the corner anchor to the wall channel bottom.
- o When on flat flooring, place a spirit level or timber block under the shed corner. This will ensure the walls stay at the same height as you drill screws into corner anchor.
- o After the top and bottom is fixed, screw through the overlapping panels from the outside to make the shed weathertight.

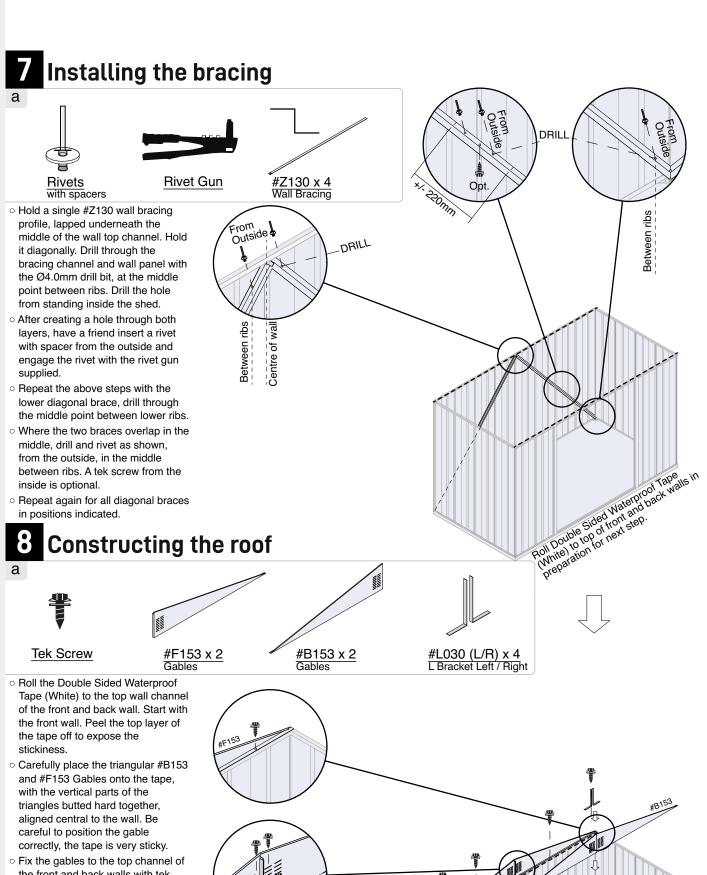


- o Hold the front wall between the connected side walls, over the placed corner anchors below.
- o Repeat as above for the front wall.
- o Check the squareness of the shed. The diagonal measurements need to be equal.

Optional:

 $^{\dot{}}$ Once the walls are up and the edges of the panels overlap, we suggest running sealant up the full height of the corner before fixing. This will protect the shed more from heavy weather.

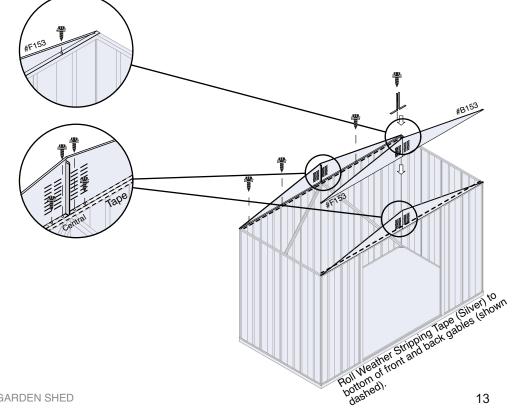


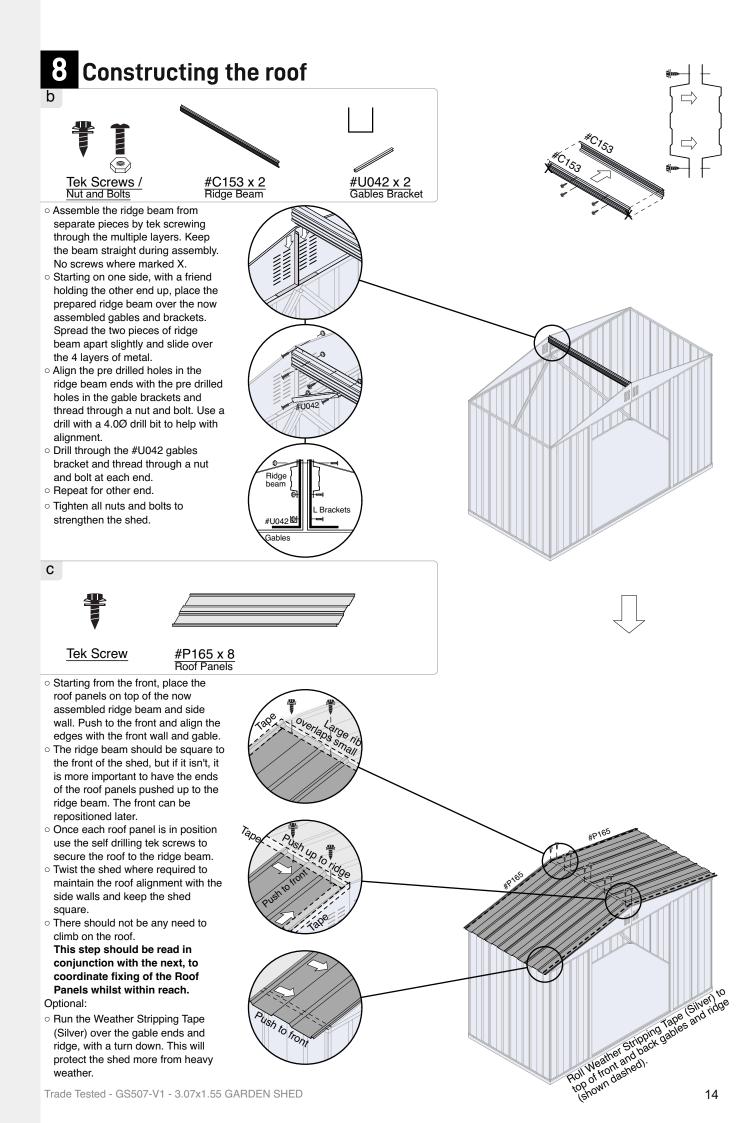


- Fix the gables to the top channel of the front and back walls with tek screws through the pre drilled holes.
- In the middle of the walls place the #L030L and #L030R gable brackets over the gables and fix with tek screws through the pre drilled holes.

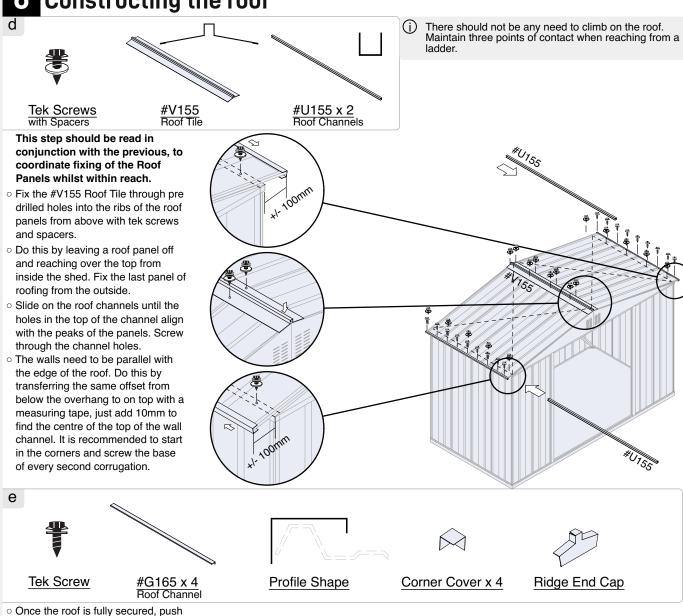
Optional:

 Once the gable pieces are up, we suggest running the Weather Stripping Tape (Silver) over the bottom of gable and top of wall. This will protect the shed more from heavy weather.





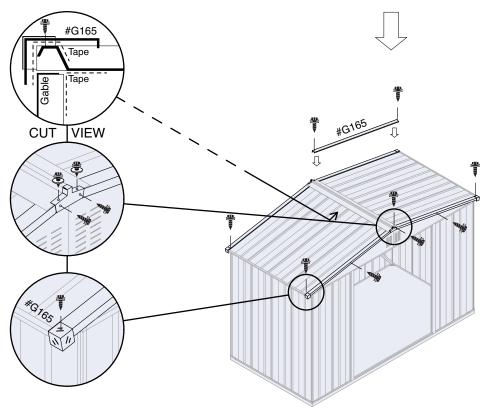
8 Constructing the roof



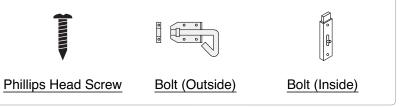
- Once the roof is fully secured, push the #G165 Roof Channels over the edge of the front and back roof panels.
- Cover the corner of the roof, over the roof channels, with the plastic corner covers. Screw these in place with a single self drilling tek screw each. This screw should go through the both channels.
- Cover the end of the roof ridge with the Ridge End Caps. Screw these in place with a self drilling tek screws.
 These screws should go through the all the channels.

Optional:

- You may also screw through the centre of the roof channel, through to the top of the gables.
- Use Weather Stripping Tape (Silver) provided to cover over the insides of the shed, all around, between the top of the wall channels and the underside of the roof panels. Shown dashed in the cut view.



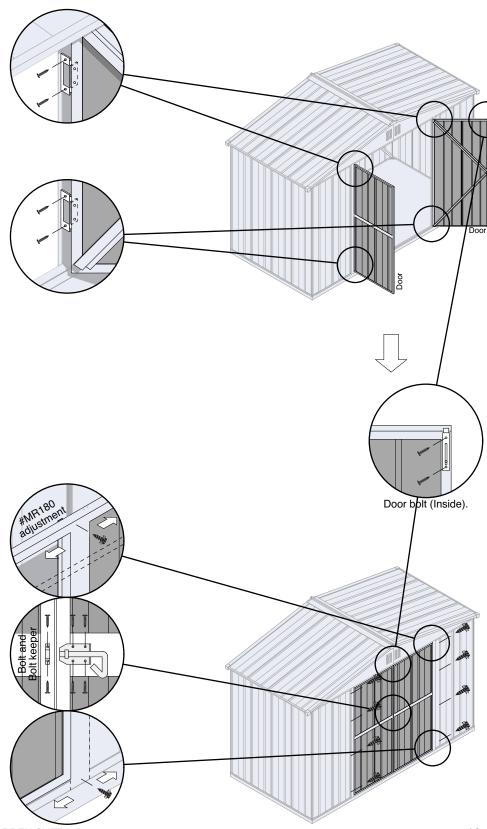
9 Installing the doors



- Have your shed building buddy hold one of the two assembled doors open with the hinges aligned with the right door frame #MR180. The top and bottom of the door should fit easily within the frame of the front wall.
- Centralise the door vertically and screw through one of each of the hinges holes, through to the #MR180 only, using the phillips head screws provided. The screws are self drilling and do not require a pilot hole.
- With one screw in each hinge and the right door frame free to move side to side check that the door can close easily and is at the correct height.
- If the door is hanging at the correct height you are free to screw the remaining screws into the hinges.
- Repeat the above steps with the left door onto the #ML180.

Optional

- If you would like a more permanently hung door the screws can be replaced with rivets. This does limit future adjustments.
- The door frames should not have had any screws fixing them in place and the doors should be able to be adjusted by moving the frame until the doors sit happily together in the door frame.
- Once you are satisfied with the door positions, add screws to secure the door frames to the top and bottom front wall channels.
- The doors should be able to swing open and closed without hitting the frame or each other but also be close enough to allow for bolt install.
- Screw through the door frames and through the front wall panel to secure the frame vertically.
- Use screws to attach the inside door bolt to the top of the door that you decide should stay 'closed'. Too tight will affect performance. Pilot holes may be required.
- Use phillips head screws to first secure the bolt to the 'open' door bar, #H074, and then to secure the bolt keeper to the 'closed' door. Pilot holes may be required here as any scratches made will be visible.



10 Fixing to the floor

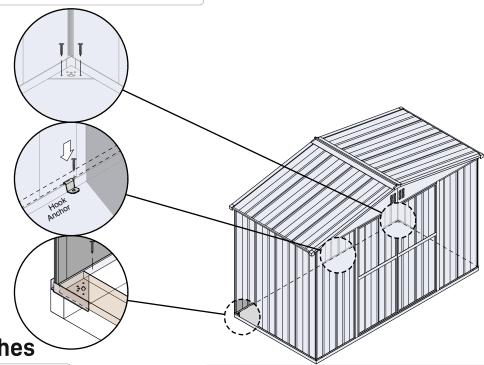


Wood Anchor Screw Or Concrete fixings



Hook Anchor Screw sheath

- Place screw head sheaths to any exposed screw heads within the shed. Most noticable are the screws through the front wall panel behind the door frames.
- If the shed is sitting on top of a wooden platform (not a flooring kit), use the wood anchor screws and the hook anchors to secure the bottom wall channels and the corner anchors to the flooring.
- If the shed is sitting on a Trade Tested flooring kit, use the wood anchor screws to secure the bottom wall channels to the bearers.
- If the shed is sitting on a concrete foundation, use concrete screws (not included in kitset) and the hook anchors to secure the bottom wall channels to the flooring.



11 Finishing touches

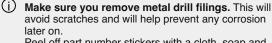


Display of Pride

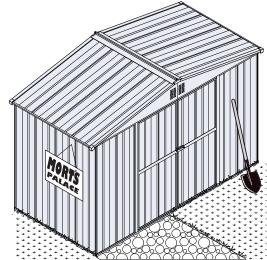


Pride Misc. Ite

- $\circ \ \text{Congratulations. You are finished!}$
- Review the instruction manual and make sure you haven't missed any important steps.
- The shed has enough fastenings to be very durable throughout a range of weather conditions.
- There are extra fixings included in the kitset, just in case you wish to make any further adjustments or hang items from walls. Just be sure to use the spacers on tek screws through walls to keep water out.
- Use silicone to further weatherproof around the shed (not included).
- If you are having any issues during assembly, or decide you require an assembly service, just give us a call on 0800 800 880 or email support@tradetested.co.nz
 our friendly team are here to help!



Peel off part number stickers with a cloth, soap and water.



Reference images



Ridge Beam connection to Gable



Ridge End Cap



Roof Panels connected to Ridge Beam





Wall channel connections - Exterior / Interior



Door Frame - Top



Door Bracing - Top



Corner Anchor Exterior - Bottom



Door Hinge



Door Bracing - Centre



Corner Cap



Bolt - Outside



Bolt - Inside



Hook Anchor



Corner Anchor Interior - Bottom



Wall Bracing - Bottom

Care & Maintenance

FINISH

For a long lasting finish, periodically clean and wax the exterior of your unit. Touch up scratches as soon as you notice them.

Remember to make sure you remove any metal drill filings after construction to help prevent any corrosion and scratches.

ROOF

A build up of leaves can expedite the formation of rust on the shed roof.

Keep the roof clear of leaves, and snow, with a long handled soft-bristled broom.

Heavy amounts of snow on the roof can damage the structure, making it unsafe to enter.

DOORS

Keep doors closed and locked to prevent wind damage.

FASTENERS

Use all washers supplied to protect the shed panels against weather. Regularly check your building for loose screws or bolts and retighten them as neccessary.

OTHER TIPS

- Do not store swimming pool chemicals in your building as they can cause corrosion.
- Use silicone caulking to further watertight seals throughout the building.
- Peel off part number stickers with a cloth, soap and water.
- Use silicone to further weatherproof seals around the shed (not included).

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CONGRATS ON YOUR NEW SHED!

Stoked with your shed? Take a photo and leave us a review or tag us @tradetested on social media, we'd love to see it!

